

The Newport Mercury

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A. D. 1755.

The Newport Mercury
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J. H. BARBER.
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JOE PRINTING.

such as Hand Bills, Posting Bills, Circulars, Cards, Notifications, &c. &c., promptly executed at the usual prices.

STATIONERY, &c.

STEEL PENS ; Lead Pencils ; Slate Pencils ; Ink Stands ; Wafers ; Pen Holders ; Blue Ink ; Taylor's Black Ink, superior to any other ; Ink Powder ; Writing and Letter Paper, of the best quality ; Quills ; Pencil Leads ; Black Sand ; Wallets ; Account Books of various sizes ; Commercial Blanks ; Bill Paper, &c. &c. For sale at No. 133 Thames street, by
J. H. BARBER.

Elements of SOCIAL DISORDER,

A PLEA FOR THE WORKING CLASSES IN THE UNITED STATES.
Price 15 cents.

Just received, and for sale at No. 133 Thames street, by **J. H. BARBER.** May 11.

R. P. BERRY, SURGEON DENTIST.

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Newport, that he is prepared to perform the various operations in his profession, for the preservation and beauty of the teeth.

R. P. B. will also insert Artificial Teeth in the most substantial manner, and of perfectly natural appearance.

REFERENCES.

James V. Turner, M.D. ; H. E. Turner, M.D. ; David King, M.D. ; H. N. Pierce ; of Newport. J. Holmes, M.D. ; L. W. Briggs, M.D. ; of Bristol.

Office at Mr. S. Pockham's in Church street, second house from Thames street.

Newport, April 27.—1f.

DR. GALLUP,

Regrets that he has been unavoidably prevented from returning as soon as he had intended, and hopes for the indulgence of his patients, with the assurance that a part of his time has been employed in making improvements and procuring materials for their benefit. He is now enabled to fabricate artificial teeth in blocks, or full sets, with coloured gums, and parts of jaw if required, at short notice, more beautiful and ruer to nature and at lower prices than has ever before been offered in Newport of equal quality. [April 3.]

NEW and FASHIONABLE GOODS.

E. W. LANTON & SON,

HAVE received during the past week, a large supply of **NEW and SEASONABLE GOODS**, from New York, to which further additions will be made on the arrival of the **Rienzi**, including 50 pieces of **CARPETING** ; 40 pieces of **Floor Matting** ; **Hearth Rugs** ; **Painted Floor Cloths, &c. &c.** Their assortment of **STAPLE and FANCY ARTICLES**, is now such that they confidently believe will meet the approbation and supply the wants of every class of purchasers. [April 13.]

RHODE ISLAND COAL

Of the First Quality.

NOW for sale on Chase's Wharf, at prices heretofore unknown in these parts, those that want good and cheap Fuel, call upon

ISAIAH BURDICK, Agent. Newport, Dec. 16.

TO LET.

An Office over the Newport News Room Apply to **HENRY BULL.**

ADVICE GRATIS.

Important news to the Sick and Afflicted.

Mrs. Winchester,

Doctress, may be consulted at her residence,

Patients who are incapable from infirmity of attending personally upon the Doctress, can by sending a correct statement of their case, be told whether they are curable or not, such as consumptive complaints, coughs, inflammation, weakness in the digest, kidney complaints, piles, shortness of breath, asthma, rheumatism, chronic and inflammatory nervous complaints, scrofula humors, salt rheum, erysipelas, phlegmatic complaints, bleeding at the lungs, loss of appetite, humors in the blood, ulcers, bilious disorders, fever and age, yellow fever, female complaints, worms of different kinds, fever sores, deafness, and other similar diseases.

CERTIFICATES.

Thomaston, April 20, 1843. This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester, after having been given over by two Physicians with the yellow fever and fever and ague, and much swollen, and in five weeks I was restored to good health by taking her medicine.

JOHN LEAVEY.

Plymouth, Sept 28th, 1842.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester, after having been given over by my physician ; he told me I was in a consumption and there was no help for me ; but after taking her medicine three weeks I was restored to good health.

SAMUEL A. SNOW.

Fall River, February 20, 1843.

I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with weakness and a bad humor in the blood, and female complaints ; I had been ; to several physicians and could get no help after taking her medicine four weeks I was restored to good health.

PHREBE BLACK.

Plymouth, Oct 15, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with a bad humor in the blood and the diarrhoea ; I had several physicians, they told me there was no help for me ; after taking her medicine two weeks I was restored to my health.

CHARLES SANDERS.

Fall River, March 12, 1844

This is to certify that I had three fever sores on my leg that had been standing 4 years, and a bad humor in my blood. I came under Mrs. Winchester's care and in four weeks my leg was well.

WILLIAM H. MASON.

Fall River, Feb. 16, 1843.

This is to certify that I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester with a bad humor and weakness in the blood, and had been unable to work for one year ; after taking her medicine six weeks I can say I am in good health.

ELMIRA SHERMAN.

Dartmouth, Aug 12th, 1842.

I came under the care of Mrs. Winchester after my physician had given me over in a consumption, and for three weeks they did not expect my life ; after taking her medicine, I was soon restored to health and am able to do my work.

RHODA SMITH.

Mrs. W. is now in Newport, and expects to be here the most part of the summer, and can be seen at Mrs. Fish's boarding House. April 13-1f.

For Sale,

House No. 224, corner of Thames and Sanford streets, near the north end of Main Street. Apply to the subscriber in Tiverton, or **JONATHAN T. ALMY, Esq.** in Newport and at the office of the Newport Mercury.

JAMES STEVENS.

May 20, 1843.

TO LET

House No. 145 corner of Thames & Mary street. For particulars as to terms &c., apply to **R. J. TAYLOR.**

Newport, March 9 *

FOR SALE or to LET

THE large three story brick Dwelling House, situated at the corner of Thames & Dennison st's, well known as the residence of Samuel Whitehouse, dec. ; the lot measures 69 1-2 feet on Thames and 234 feet on Dennison street. The terms will be made known on application to **R. P. LEE, Assignee.** Newport, March 2.

FOR SALE,

50 RUSSELLS clean FEED BARLEY, of the first quality. Apply to **J. D. NORTHAM.** April 20.

TO LET.

In consequence of the gentleman who had engaged the upper part of the House next north of the subscriber, leaving town, the same Tenement is again to let and immediate possession given.

S. T. NORTHAM.

Newport, April 27.

Spring Arrangement.

For Newport & Providence.

FARE 50 CENTS.

The Steamer **IOLAS,**
CAPT. B. F. WOOLSEY.
Will leave Newport and Providence as follows, until further notice :

From Providence—Tuesday, at 9 1-2 a. m., Wednesday, 9 1-2 a. m., Thursday, 9 1-2 a. m., Friday, 9 1-2 a. m., Saturday, 9 1-2 a. m., Sunday, 8 a. m.
From Newport—Monday at 8 a. m., Tuesday 3 p. m., Wednesday, 3 p. m., Thursday, 3 p. m., Friday, 1 p. m., Saturday, 3 p. m.

The Iolas will land at India Point every morning, Sunday excepted, to accommodate passengers from Boston in the morning train. The above arrangement will connect with the New York boats every morning and afternoon, and also cars from Boston, every morning, Monday excepted, and from Newport Monday at 8 a. m., and Friday at 1 p. m., and arrive in Boston same afternoon.

The Iolas will accommodate military, fire and all other societies on reasonable terms, and also families making excursions to Newport. All children under 6 years, in company with parents, no charge, over 6 and under 15 years, 25 cents.

Freight taken at very reduced rates. Horse, wagon and driver, \$2.

The Iolas will make four passages through July and August, leaving Newport at 5 o'clock a. m., and 3 o'clock p. m. ; from Providence 9 1-2 a. m. and 6 o'clock p. m. April 27.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator on the estate of **ABIGAIL CASTOFF**, widow, and on the estate of **CHARLES CASTOFF**, Mariner, both late of Newport, dec.

and has given bond according to law. All persons having demands against either of said estates are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

CLARKE BURDICK, Adm'r.

Newport, March 16.

SHIP WM. LEE.

NINE and one half shares or Eightieths of said ship for sale as she came from sea, now lying at Clark's wharf. Apply to **JOHN STEVENS.** Newport, April 13, 1844.

FALES' CYPRAN

HAIR TONIC,

For the Growth, Preservation and Restoration of the Hair.

NO matter how bald a person may be, a growth of hair will be produced, and as naturally too as herbage grows on the plain, or the lily in the valley. This Tonic is warranted to cleanse the hair from Dandruff, and every other accumulating substance. Is your hair dry and falling off?—The Tonic will moisten and fix it firmly in the head. Is your hair thin or your head bald?—The Tonic is warranted to satisfy the largest desires in thickening the hair in the first case and covering the Bald Head with natural hair, in the second.

It is composed of these remedial agents that restore the skin at once to a sound and healthy condition. When thus restored, you will soon discover on the head, a short soft and beautiful growth of young hair, gradually increasing in length, till it becomes like your other hair was before you began to lose it.

FALES' COUGH, WORM, HEADACHE and Diarrhoea or Dysentery LOZENGES are safe, certain and agreeable remedies for the diseases for which they are recommended.

Numerous, speedy and surprising cures have been effected by their use, hence their popularity.

DYOTT'S ORACLE OF HEALTH, (Philadelphia) Says that Fales' Medicated Lozenges are considered by those who have used them, to be far superior to Sherman's or any other introduced into that market.

THE **COUGH LOZENGES** are beneficial in all cases of common colds, hooping cough, asthmatic affections, inflammation of the throat and lungs ; they are also particularly beneficial for the croup, and a very good substitute for the celebrated HIVE Syrup, Cough Candies, Quinsey Cordials, Pulmonary Balsams, &c.

THE **WORM LOZENGES** are a safe and sure remedy for Worms. Two or three is a dose for very small children, and five or six for larger ones.

THE **DYSENTERY LOZENGES** are a certain and agreeable remedy for Diarrhoea, and Bowel Complaints of Children—Full directions as to diet and manner of taking them, accompany each box.

THE **HEADACHE OR CAMPHOR LOZENGES** are beneficial in cases of nervous headache in febrile affections of a typhus character. They are useful in Rheumatism and peripneumony ; also in eruptive diseases, to favor the eruption or bring it back when it has suddenly receded from the skin, as sometimes happens in measles and small pox.

N. B. Be sure that J. J. FALES, M. D., Boston, is on the side of the Box that you buy.

For sale in Newport, at the Confectionary and Variety store of

T. STACY, Jr.

July 1.

COTTONS.

BLEACHED and unbleached Cottons by the piece or yard, **CHEAP** at No. 132 by **J. M. COOK.** May 11.

STRAINER CLOTH.

Strong Thread Strainer Cloth, at April 20.] **H. SESSIONS.**

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, Administrator with the Will annexed, on the estate of **JOSEPH J. ROBINSON**, late of Newport, dec. hereby requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them for settlement, and all indebted to make immediate payment to

PETER P. REMINGTON, Adm'r. with the Will Annexed.

Newport, April 6, 1844.

Executrix Notice.

THE subscriber having been appointed Executrix to the late will and testament of

GEORGE CHAMPLIN MASON, late of Newport dec. and having giving bonds according to law, hereby requests all persons having demands against said estate to present them, and those indebted to make payment to

ABBY MARIA MASON Exec'x Feb. 10, 1844.

TO LET.

THE house known as the Olyphant House, opposite the Moravian Church ; it has been thoroughly repaired inside and out—painted and papered throughout. Apply to **SAMUEL B. VERNON**, or **STEPHEN CAROONE.** July 22.

FOR SALE.

A very pleasantly situated and valuable **FARM**, laying on the East side of this Island, and 4 1-2 miles from Newport, being partly in Middletown and partly in Portsmouth, containing about 110 acres of excellent Land ; it is well fenced with stone wall.—The Farm has on it a double two story dwelling house, a good wash room chaise and milk house, crib and grain house, and a large boubie barn ; all the above buildings are in good repair—there is also a well of good soft water, and a water grist mill that will rent for \$60 per year, and is in excellent grinding order.—There is also a large full grown greening orchard, and a young orchard ; both orchards are in full bearing of fruit.—The Farm will be sold on reasonable terms as to price and credit, and any one wishing to secure an independence for life, will do well to purchase—it is seldom such a Farm is offered for sale on this Island.

ROBINSON POTTER.

TO LET

And Immediate Possession given.

THE HOUSE at the north end of Thames Street, adjoining the House of Wm. Stevens.

ALSO

A House in Middletown, on the Farm of the subscriber, pleasantly situated on the West Road. For terms apply to **STEPHEN T. NORTHAM.** April 16.

At the Sign of the "Good Samaritan,"

NO 92 Thames Street.

JUST RECEIVED

From Boston in addition to the former Stock of

Medicine Dye Stuffs and Perfumery,

Extract of Rose,
Do do Orange,
Do do Honey,
Do do Burgamot,
Do do Myrtle,
Do do Magnolia,
Do do Woodbine,

Milk of Roses, Balm of Columbia.
Macassar, Buffalo, Bears, & Anique Oil, for the hair,
French Lotion for chapped hands.
Cold Cream and Lip Salve,
German, French & American Cologne,
Sir James Murray's Fluid Magnesia,
Henry's Calcined Magnesia,
English, Winsor, and other soaps,
Edes, Kidders, & Paysons Indelible Ink.

ALSO, Medicine Chests, for Families, or Vessels, and a general assortment of Medicine, warranted of the first quality.—For sale as above.

CHARLES COTTON.

Newport Oct. 15, 1842.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that he has been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, administrator de bonis non on the estate of

SUSAN MASON, single woman, of Newport, dec., & given bonds according to law. All persons having demands against the estate, are requested to present them, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to

C. G. PERRY, Adm'r. de bonis non. Newport, Feb. 10, 1841.

Select Tales

The Benighted Traveller.

BY MR. C. OLLIER.

A lover journeying to his expectant mistress and her friends, loses his way. Lights are seen which

Allure from far ; but as he follows, fly.

but when he retreats they pursue. These he finds to be Will-o'-the-wisps.

He advances in great uncertainty, not knowing but he is moving from the place he desires to approach.

"After having walked about a mile further ; he saw something looming in the obscurity, which on nearing it, proved to be a tree. His eyes by this time were so accustomed to darkness, that objects which would be invisible to one going out of a lighted room were discernible by him ; and he soon perceived that he was in a woodland neighborhood. Other good prognostics were at hand ; for shortly a square mass met his sight. 'A house, I'll be sworn !' ejaculated he in delight. 'I'm not deceived this time. Gad, here's the gate ! Now, shall I rest against this till day-break, or waken the inmates, and so have a chance of admission ? Necessity has no law. A storm is coming on. I am desperate. Here goes !' And finding the handle of a bell he rang a long and loud peal, waiting anxiously, for the effect of his summons.

"In a short time a lighted candle was seen at one of the windows, which being opened, a man thrust out his head and demanded who was at the gate.

"I am a traveller, and have lost my way," replied Elford.

"Be off, then, and find it again," responded the man.

"I have tried to do so for many hours and can't succeed. Let me in, I beseech you."

"Let you in, indeed ! echoed the man. 'You must think me a fool. Be off, I say, or I'll make you.'

"Why," returned Elford, 'do you take me for a thief ?'

"To be sure I do."

"Then my friend, for once you are mistaken. I am a gentleman."

"Twont do," observed the man. 'If you don't tramp, I'll just see, by way of experiment, which is the hardest—the bullets of my blunderbuss or your head.'

"Fire away and lose your ammunition, rejoined Locke. This gate is hung to a good square piece of masonry ; and with that between you and me you can't hit me, you know. Here I stay."

"Well, then, my fine fellow," pursued the other. 'I've another method of sickening you of disturbing folks at this hour. The mastiff shall be turned loose.'

"I don't mind about that either," coolly replied Elford. 'I know a trick or two about dogs. Set the fiercest you have at me, and come out with a lantern to see fair play. If I don't make him run yelping to his kennel in two minutes, give me a taste with your blunderbuss. You'll then have a good aim.'

"Nonsense !" was the surly response. 'You see I am resolved,' continued Elford ; 'so pray do me the favor tell your master (if, indeed, you are not that worshipful person himself) that a gentleman solicits the protection of one of his out-houses for a few hours. I am sure that is a modest request.'

"Go about your business, I tell you, responded the man, 'and don't alarm the family.'

"I won't go about my business, for, except to gain shelter in these premises, I have no business just at this moment ; and I WILL alarm the family. A drenching rain is coming on. I am so worn out with fatigue that enough heat is not left in my frame to resist a soaking. You would not, surely, be so unchristian as to deny the shelter of a loft or stable to one under such circumstances."

"The light disappeared, and Elford knew not what would ensue. He was determined, nevertheless, not to give up his point. Shortly the man came forward to the iron gate, bearing a lantern, and armed with his blunderbuss.

"Have you brought the dog ?" inquired Elford ; 'if so, I am quite ready.'

"No," replied the other. 'I don't want any more noise. The family, I hope, are still asleep ; and (as their servant) it is my duty to prevent their being frightened. I am now come just

to see what you look like, and whether there's any more of you.'

"Young Locke advanced close to the bars of the gate to facilitate the man's scrutiny ; and the latter having thrown the light full on his face, said quietly, 'There's no harm in you ; come in.' The gate was then noiselessly unlocked, the applicant admitted, and the fastenings made good. 'I can't take you into the house,' said the servant ; 'but there's plenty of sweet straw in the stable loft. Follow me.'

"The resting-place was soon gained. You're a good fellow ; here's something for your trouble," Elford, slipping a half guinea into the servant's hands, who, bidding him good night, descended the ladder. 'Well, ruminated Locke, 'this is a better termination to my night adventure than at one time I had reason to expect. Who would think that Elford Locke, a Cambridge collegian, would ever rejoice in a bed over a stable ? Droll enough. How it rains ! The roof here is weather tight I suppose. 'Rats and mice, and such small deer' of course. But they won't wake me I know. What would sweet Edith think if she knew where I was going to sleep to night.'

"Elford now lay down on the straw, composed his wearied limbs, and murmuring the name of his mistress, was lulled into deep sleep by the plashing of heavy rain on the tiles over his head—in this state of oblivion he remained seven hours, when his humble friend roused him.

"The morning was brilliant after the rain. Merrily did the sun shine in a sky of unclouded blue ; and Elford, having appeased his hunger with a biscuit, prepared for a more successful expedition.

As he was crossing the lawn under guidance of the servant, in order to make his exit from the premises, one of the parlor windows was suddenly thrown up, and a female voice was heard to exclaim, 'Why, as I live there is Mr. Locke !'

Elford turned his head and saw Mrs. Lytton, towards whom rushed two young ladies.

"Elford, Elford !" gasped one of them. 'Edith !' exclaimed our traveller, in amazement.

"Yes," replied she. 'Where have you been ? How came you here ? Where are you going ? Why do you leave our house ? Come in, Elford—come in.'

"The explanation that followed may be readily anticipated. Our traveller, after all, had blundered on the right house. Edith was astonished, distressed, delighted, agitated, and laughed through her tears, till there was a fear that her emotion would end in hysterics. Her mother had much ado to calm her. 'To think,' she exclaimed, 'that you should be sleeping in our stable loft, when a good bedroom awaited you in the house. Your portmanteau has arrived. You will find it under your dressing table. Stephen, show Mr. Locke to his room. Breakfast will be ready directly. Dear Elford is safe. Oh, how happy I am !'

"WESLEY ON DRESS.—Mr. Wesley was a great admirer of plainness of dress, especially in woman. Being invited to dinner at a gentleman's house, there were two ladies belonging to the family, who had dressed themselves in the most fashionable manner, to do honor, as they thought to Mr. Wesley. While at dinner he noticed the young ladies and their dress, and at the same time took particular notice of the servant maid's dress who waited at the table, which was very plain—"I cannot," said he, "but admire the dress of your servant ; I think I have never seen a young woman so neatly dressed ; of all I have seen for some time, I admire it the most."—Thus the mother of the young ladies, as well as themselves, stood reproved by Mr. Wesley's commendation of their servant's dress.

"MYSTERIOUS.—On Thursday evening last a man with a very long beard, presented himself in the Spanish Consul's office, in this city. The unknown said he was the Emperor of Germany, and asked for letters which he stated must be in the office. He had a stick in his hand, and spoke French. He struck the secretary of the Consul, Mr. Mas, several times on the back, and when the latter rose to put him out, the stranger stabbed him in the side, and fled. The secretary is very dangerously wounded, and the assassin had not yesterday been arrested.—N. O. Crescent City, May 4.

"The Plough Manufactory of Messrs Ruggles, Nourse & Mason, of Boston, (says the Worcester Eagle) turns out 60 ploughs per day, and yet this large number is hardly sufficient to supply the demand.

"The citizens of New Orleans are taking steps to have a statue of Franklin executed by Powers, the American sculptor.

Late Foreign Intelligence.

15 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Britannia.

The British steam ship Britannia, Captain Hewitt, arrived Saturday morning, soon after six o'clock, in 13 days and 14 hours from Liverpool. London papers to the 3d, and Liverpool to the 4th and Paris to May 1st, have been received.

The most important item of intelligence is the opening of the budget for the ensuing financial year in great Britain. The increase of the revenue over that assumed in the estimates at the beginning of the year, and the reduction of expenditures below the estimates, has produced the gratifying result of a surplus of £1,165,000. The knowledge that a surplus existed has of course created a very general desire, and much petitioning from all classes, to be relieved from the burden of the taxes that peculiarly effect their interests. Mr. Goulburn proposes after defraying the deficit of last year (£2,749,000) to pay off the sum due the East India Company for the China war, £400,000; then a sum of about £200,000 estimated as the amount of disbursements to the reduction of the three per cents, and then about £240,000 to close a debt to the South Sea Company. This, if the receipt and ordinary expenditure of the year should nearly coincide, as he anticipates, with that of the last, would leave the Exchequer a credit balance of about £3,000,000. He does not feel authorized to propose large reductions of duties until it was known whether the income tax would be continued, but he proposes reductions on the duties on glass, vinegar, currants, coffee, marine insurance and wool, making an aggregate of £387,000. With regard to the sugar duties he proposed to submit a project hereafter, but he hinted that "he proposed, when these duties should come under discussion to recommend that England should admit, at a differential duty of 10s. per cwt., the sugar of those States which do not cultivate that commodity by slave labor; thus opening a trade with the extensive countries to the east of the Cape, and effecting an extension of supply without an infringement of principle."

The quarterly average of the weekly liabilities and assets of the Bank of England to the 20th of April, shows the following amounts:—Circulation £21,107,000; deposits £13,615,000; total of liabilities £35,045,000. Securities £22,150,000; bullion £16,015,000; total of assets £38,165,000.

There was a slight depression in the British funds on the 2d and 3d compared with some preceding days. Consols opened on the 2d at 99 5/8, and closed at 99 1/8. On the 3d they rallied soon after the opening to 99 5/8, but declined again and closed at 99. This is a penny lower than at the date of our last advices.

There was little alteration in the English cotton market. It had been very dull, but was a little firmer at our last advices.

The business of the port of Folkestone had been so much increased in consequence of the opening of the London and Dover Rail Road, as to make necessary the appointment of several additional officers of the customs. Folkestone is not made a distinct port, but it remains as a subordinate station under the control of the customs of Dover.

A London paper states on the authority of a Parliamentary report that the quantity of cheese imported into Great Britain in the year 1843 from all foreign countries was 179,389 cwt. of which 136,998 cwt. were from various countries of Europe, 79 cwt. from British possessions abroad, and 48,312 cwt. from the United States of America, "whence," it is added, "very rich and fine flavored cheeses are now being constantly imported." We learn from other sources that American cheese is in high repute in London.

We learn from a London paper of April 26, that the great iron steamer Great Britain was still imprisoned in the Bristol dock into which she was launched, or rather floated some months since. A large steamer of 1100 tons burthen was lately launched on the Clyde, near Glasgow. She has been built for the Aberdeen Steam Packet Co. and is to be employed in running between Aberdeen and London.

The English papers say that the season has been remarkably favorable for the wheat crop, and also for preparing the land for crops yet to be sown, and that not only in England, but in the North of France, Belgium and the Rhine Provinces, the prospects of the wheat crop are most promising.

The "sentence of O'Connell," which has been expected in some quarters to arrive by this steamer, is still deferred. The host of counsel for the traversers, each speaking for his respective client upon every motion, were thought to have determined to occupy the whole term by speeches, so that the sentence would at any rate be postponed to the next term.

The arrival of the overland mail from India, by the Great Liverpool, bringing dates from Bombay, to April 1, was announced on the morning of the 3d in London, the news having been transmitted from Marseilles to Paris by Telegraph. The news from China was to Feb. 27. Perfect tranquillity prevailed in India and China. No details of intelligence are given, no letters or papers having reached London. The latest previous intelligence from China was to Feb. 15, by the Seso-

stris to Bombay, and by the Camac and Bontinck from Bombay and Calcutta.—This was received in London, May 2.

An ordinance for the government of British subjects in China, and not more than 100 miles from the coast was issued by Sir H. Pottinger and published at Hong Kong, Jan. 30. It proclaims that the laws of England shall have the same force and effect over her majesty's subjects within the dominions of the emperor of China, as over those actually within the colony of Hong Kong, and that the courts of justice at Hong Kong shall have the same power, jurisdiction and authority over them in all matters, civil or criminal, as they have of her subjects actually resident at Hong Kong.

The recall of Lord Ellenborough from his Governor Generalship by the East India Company, at a moment when he is in the full tide of triumph in India, excited a good deal of dissatisfaction, and up to the latest accounts, the real grounds for it had not been made public. Government disavowed the act. Sir Robert Peel said in the House of Commons on the 29th ult., "that the Company had the power of appointing the Governor General, but subject to the Crown's approval. The usage had been to appoint him by concert between both authorities. The power of recalling him was absolutely with the Company; they had exercised it now on their own undivided responsibility, and without the sanction or concurrence of the Queen's servants." At the meeting when the recall was voted, 23 out of the 24 members of the India Board were present, and the vote was unanimous.—*Boston Daily Ad.*

LATER FROM THE COAST OF AFRICA.—The brig Atlanta, Capt. Lawlin, arrived at New York Sunday, in 35 days from the coast of Africa, last from Monrovia, brings intelligence some days later than our former advices. Rev. Mr. Seys had returned from an excursion in the interior, having explored the country for some hundred miles and planted two missionary stations at the extreme end of his journey. This part of the country has never been visited before. He represents it as most beautiful. He was accompanied by Rev. R. R. Mallory, Rev. E. Johnson, Rev. A. F. Russell and Rev. J. H. Stevens, who all experienced good health during the whole time of the excursion. The Colony at Monrovia were in a most prosperous condition and enjoying excellent health. Business was flourishing and provisions were plenty.—An American brig from Havana in the River Galenas, from having a cargo of slave goods, was suspected of being connected with the slave trade, was detained by the British and prevented from landing her cargo. The British steamer Heulopen came round to Monrovia and towed the United States ship Decatur up the River to investigate the affair. The Br. brig Perrett made a second attack upon the slave ship Crawford. The ship had her cargo of 1000 slaves on board, and beat off the brig after some severe fighting on both sides.

LATER FROM RIO DE JANEIRO.—The bark Rolla and brig Democrat arrived at New York on Sunday from Rio de Janeiro, with dates somewhat later than those before received. Business was flourishing, and every thing quiet in the North of Brazil. The Rolla brings the remainder of Welsh & Mann's Equestrian Company. The U. S. ship Kariatan had arrived at Rio, in 44 days; had experienced pleasant weather and light winds during her voyage; officers and crew all well. The war between the Buenos Ayreans and Montevideans is yet dragging on; there has, however, been absolutely a fight at Borge, in which the Buenos Ayreans confess they were whipped. The encounter, however, scarcely deserves the name of a battle, as the loss of the defeated party was but twelve killed and wounded. The City still holds out. There is no other news.

LATER FROM HAYTI.—The schr. Doty Chase arrived at New York on Monday morning, in 12 days from Aux Cayes, with her outward cargo on board, having been turned off by a Haytian brig of war, that was blockading the port. Captain Baker states that he arrived off the port on the 1st inst., and lay off and on for a week, hoping to be permitted to pass—but the gun brig threatened to capture him if he attempted to enter, but said he might proceed either to Port au Prince or Jacmel. The Haytian officer said that President Herard Kiere was in Aux Cayes with 15,000 men, and daily expecting reinforcements. Our accounts on Saturday, on the contrary, communicated the fact that Aux Cayes was in possession of the negro insurrectionary General, Acaan. Capt. Baker states that he heard constant firing on shore, while he lay off.

EMANCIPATION OF SLAVES.—We learn that J. G. Palfrey, Esq. late Editor of the North American Review, and present Secretary of State of Massachusetts, having by the death of his father in Louisiana, become the possessor of twenty slaves, has resolved on giving them all their freedom; and as the Legislature of Louisiana has refused to allow them to remain in that State, he has now gone there for the purpose of making arrangements to bring them to the free States. This conduct, says the New York Tribune, is the more honorable to Mr. Palfrey when it is considered that he is very far from being a rich man.

The theatre at Washington is to be sold to pay a debt of \$5000.

Twenty-Eighth Congress. FIRST SESSION.

THURSDAY, May 16, 1844.

SENATE.—Mr. Jarnagin, from the select committee on the case of Mr. Niles, made a report, which was unanimous on the part of the committee, in favor of Mr. N. taking his seat. The report says:—"Between him and the committee there have been full, free, and frank conversations. Mr. Niles gave so satisfactory an account of his afflictions and present condition as to render a resort to other evidence unnecessary in the opinion of the committee." Mr. N. was then qualified and took his seat.

The SENATE remained in executive session until after 8 o'clock last night and then adjourned, having removed the injunction of secrecy from the treaty and accompanying documents.

HOUSE.—The report and all other matters connected with the White and Rathbun frauds were, after considerable debate, laid on the table—ayes 82, noes 73. The eastern harbor bill was taken up, and is now under discussion.

The House, after wasting two hours in proceedings consequent on a call of the absent members, proceeded again to business, and the bill fixing the day of election of electors of president and vice president on one and the same day throughout the Union, was read a third time and passed—ayes 141, noes 34.—The House then adjourned.

Of the Senate's doings this evening in executive session all that has transpired is that they were engaged in debating the motion that the treaty shall be discussed with open doors.

In the House, the Harbor bill was debated at considerable length, and was ordered to a third reading by a vote of 83, and then passed by a vote of 96 to 80.

Mr. Duncan gave notice that he would call up the Oregon bill on Monday next. Two or three motions were made for an adjournment until Monday next, and were defeated by a vote of 73 to 76. The House then adjourned.

FRIDAY, May 17, 1844.

SENATE.—Memorials were presented from Virginia and Alabama in favor of the annexation of Texas, and a memorial from Illinois against it.

The Senate then took up the resolution fixing the day of the adjournment, as amended by the House, naming the 17th June, and Mr. Evans moved to lay the resolution on the table, which was carried, ayes 21, noes 20. The Senate then went into executive session.

HOUSE.—Mr. Droomgoole presented the proceedings of public meetings in Prince George's county and Petersburg, Va., in favor of the immediate annexation of Texas.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of private bills, and laid aside to be reported the bill for the relief of Seth Sweetzer. The bill making payment to the owners of the packet ship Cadmus for conveying Gen. Lafayette to America in 1824, was then taken up, and Mr. Cadlin explained its provisions at some length, and made a strong case of it. It was opposed by Mr. Bidlack, and at the conclusion of his remarks the question was taken, but no quorum voted.—After wasting some time in motions for a call of the House, &c., Mr. Weller moved that when the House adjourn, it be until Monday next, for the purpose of ventilating the hall. This motion was carried, and a motion for adjournment being also carried, a large number of the members hurried off to the races, where they no doubt found a goodly number of their colleagues already in attendance.

SATURDAY, May 18, 1844.

The House was not in session to-day. The SENATE, held a session for the first time on Saturday since the commencement of this Congress. The anxiety to discuss the annexation treaty is the cause of this unusual application to business.

The Navy Pension Bill was briefly considered, amended and postponed.—The Senate then passed to the consideration of private bills. At one o'clock, Mr. Benton reminded the Senate that the hour had arrived for the consideration of the special order, in Executive session. The Senate then went into executive session. It is understood that additional documents were communicated to the Senate yesterday, from which the injunction of secrecy has not been removed.—The proposition to debate the treaty with open doors has been rejected. Mr. Benton was to speak to-day in executive session against the treaty.

MONDAY, May 20, 1844.

SENATE.—Nothing occurred but the mere morning business.

Some memorials in favor of Annexation, and some against it, were presented. Then followed some action on private bills.

Mr. Johnson offered a resolution to allow salt to be landed on the right bank of the Mississippi.

A bill was passed giving six Engineers for the Revenue service.

Some more small bills were coming up, when Mr. Benton rose and called the attention of the Senate to the hour—one o'clock—and to the special order.

The Senate then went into Executive session.

HOUSE.—Mr. Campbell, of S. C., offered some resolutions from citizens of South Carolina, in favor of the Annexation of Texas.

The House went in Committee of the

Whole, Mr. Droomgoole in the chair.

Several bills were called for; but Mr. McKay called up the bill making appropriations for the Post Office Department. Mr. G. Davis, of Ky., moved to reduce the emoluments of certain electioneering officers of the Post Office Department, called Special Agents.

Mr. Rathbun, of N. Y., was in favor of the proposition. But, it was agreed to abolish the office entirely. In lieu of it, the sum of \$5000 was granted to the head of the office for the purpose of protecting the mails from depredation.

The Navy Appropriation bill was taken up in the same committee, & Mr. Holmes while advocating the bill, let drop some remarks in reference to the employment of vessels in the Gulf of Mexico.

Mr. Hale, of N. H., in a very spirited speech, opposed all appropriation for the support of the Home Squadron—if that squadron was to be employed in the Gulf, and under the arbitrary orders of the President.

Nothing was done on the subject.

TUESDAY, May 21, 1844.

SENATE.—Memorials for and against the annexation of Texas, were presented. Mr. Bayard, from the Committee on Naval Offices, reported a Bill to establish Naval Schools.

The Senate then went into executive session.

HOUSE.—The majority of the committee on the contested election of Mr. Botts and Mr. Jones, made a report, deciding that the sitting member is entitled to his seat. The minority are to report hereafter.

The Naval Appropriation Bill was taken up in Committee of the Whole.

WEDNESDAY, May 22, 1844.

SENATE.—To-day, a bill providing for the redemption of treasury notes, which were paid by the U. S., but again put in circulation by U. S. officers, was ordered to a third reading.

The House bill for the reduction of the pay of the Army was postponed indefinitely, yeas 26, noes 19.

The Senate, at one o'clock, went into executive session.

Mr. Choate, I learn, is now addressing the Senate on the subject of the Texan treaty.

HOUSE.—Mr. Fish, of New York, asked leave to offer a resolution for the appointment of a committee of five members, to inquire into abuses of the franking privilege on the part of members of Congress, and report thereon to the House.

Objections were made to the resolution and it was not entertained.

The House went into committee of the whole on the navy appropriation bill.

The motion pending was that only one half of the sum appropriated for the naval service (\$5,000,000) shall be expended, before the first of January next.

Mr. Hale spoke on the subject of the extravagant pay allowed, in our service, to the navy officers, showing that it was higher than in any other service.

Mr. Garri Davis gave notice of his intention to offer an amendment, appropriating \$40,000 for the purchase of American water-rotted hemp. He spoke at length on the subject.

Mr. Levy, of Florida, offered an amendment for an appropriation for a navy yard at Pensacola, and spoke at length.

Mr. Murphy, of New York, gave notice of an amendment which he would offer at a proper time, providing for the construction of a stone dry dock at Brooklyn, New York.

Mr. Murphy spoke at length on this subject, very warmly urging it.

OREGON.—About five hundred Oregon emigrants have passed through our town this week on their way to the place of general rendezvous. Amongst the number, we notice one gentleman who has five negroes, which he intends taking with him. We understand that they were unwilling that he should sell them or leave them in this State, stating to their master, that they wished to go with him to his new home—that if Oregon should turn out to be a slave holding country, they still want to be his servants—and if it should prove to be otherwise, they still wish to live in his family and serve him still. Under these circumstances, he could not hesitate to take his old and faithful servants along with him, which he intends doing.

A letter received at Independence, Missouri, from the mountains, states that at various times during the past winter, the Sioux Indians made incursions upon the Pawnees, taking two of them prisoners, and destroying one hundred lodges.—Only three of the Sioux Indians were killed. It is further stated that all the independent fur companies trading on the north fork of Platte, White river, and Missouri have done well this season.

Western (Mo.) Examiner.

STEAMER EMERALD SUNK.—The Emerald left New York, as usual, on Sunday morning at seven o'clock, for Albany. At twelve o'clock, off West Point, the crank broke, and the boat directly floated upon the rocks, filled, and in twenty minutes sunk in deep water. The few passengers were taken off by boats from the shore, and landed safely, with a part of their baggage. The remainder of the baggage and the freight, went down with the boat.

PHILADELPHIA.—James Lawson, an Irishman, has been arrested and imprisoned on a charge of shooting young Wright during the riots: he is himself in a dangerous state, having been shot in the legs. Other arrests have been made; Daniel Withem, has been held to \$2500 bail, suspected of firing St. Augustine's church.

The National Intelligencer of Saturday last gives us the following Message of the President to the Senate, communicated on Wednesday last, with the documents accompanying it. They were read in Executive Session, and the injunction of secrecy being removed by vote of the Senate, are now published.

MESSAGE,

From the President of the United States to the Senate.

To the Senate of the United States:

In answer to the resolution of the Senate of the 13th instant, requesting to be informed "whether, since the commencement of the negotiations which resulted in the treaty now before the Senate for the annexation of Texas to the United States, any military preparation has been made or ordered by the President, for or in anticipation of war; and, if so, for what cause, and with whom was such war apprehended, and what are the preparations that have been made or ordered? Has any movement or assemblage or disposition of any of the military or naval forces of the United States been made or ordered with a view to such hostilities? And to communicate to the Senate copies of all orders or directions given for any such preparation, or for any such movement or disposition, or for the future conduct of such military or naval forces?" I have to inform the Senate that, in consequence of the declaration of Mexico, communicated to this Government, and by me laid before Congress at the opening of its present session, announcing the determination of Mexico to regard as a declaration of war against her by the United States the definitive ratification of any treaty with Texas, annexing the territory of that Republic to the United States, and the hope and belief entertained by the Executive that the treaty with Texas for that purpose would be speedily approved and ratified by the Senate, it was regarded by the Executive to have become emphatically its duty to concentrate in the Gulf of Mexico and its vicinity, as a precautionary measure, as large a portion of the home squadron, under the command of Captain Conner, as could well be drawn together; and, at the same time, to assemble at Fort Jessup, on the borders of Texas, as large a military force as the demands of the service at other encampments would authorize to be detached. For the number of ships already in the Gulf and the waters contiguous thereto, and such as are placed under orders for that destination, and of troops now assembled upon the frontier, I refer you to the accompanying reports from the Secretaries of the War and Navy Departments. It will also be perceived by the Senate, by referring to the orders of the Navy Department, which are herewith transmitted, that the naval officer in command of the fleet is directed to cause his ships to perform all the duties of a fleet of observation, and to apprise the Executive of any indication of a hostile design upon Texas, on the part of any nation, pending, the deliberations of the Senate upon the treaty, with a view that the same should promptly be submitted to Congress for its mature deliberation. At the same time, it is due to myself that I should declare it as my opinion, that the United States having by the treaty of annexation acquired a title to Texas, which requires only the action of the Senate to perfect it, no other Power could be permitted to invade, and by force of arms to possess itself of, any portion of the territory of Texas, pending your deliberations upon the treaty, without placing itself in a hostile attitude to the United States, and justifying the employment of any military means at our disposal to drive back the invasion. At the same time, it is my opinion that Mexico or any other Power will find in your approval of the treaty no just cause of war against the United States; nor do I believe that there is any serious hazard of war to be found in the fact of such approval. Nevertheless, every proper measure will be resorted to by the Executive to preserve upon an honorable and just basis the public peace, by reconciling Mexico, through a liberal course of policy, to the treaty.

JOHN TYLER.

WASHINGTON, May 15, 1844.

The Documents accompanying this Message are mainly the detailed orders necessary to effect the transfer of troops mentioned by Mr. Tyler. We do not think it necessary to publish them at length, as most of them are entirely without interest. The first document of any significance is a confidential letter of instructions from the Adjutant General to the Commander of the force at Fort Jessup, directing him first "to consider himself not merely as the immediate commander of the 1st military department, but also as the commander of a corps of observation to be reinforced by orders from headquarters if deemed necessary." He is farther ordered to shift his quarters as may be found necessary and to hold his force in readiness for service at any moment. The following is the conclusion of this letter of instructions:—

You will continue to receive instructions direct from this place. Your ordinary military communications will be made as indicated in the third paragraph of the orders of the War Department, dated the 16th instant; but in other matters confided to your judgment and discretion, (and the confidence is great,) your correspondence will be direct to the Adjutant General, for the information of the General in chief and the higher authorities.

You will take prompt measures, in the first instance by a confidential officer, and subsequently by the ordinary mail or special express, as you may deem necessary, to put yourself in communication with the President of Texas, in order to inform him of your present position and force, and to learn and to transmit to this office (all confidentially) whether any and what external dangers may threaten that government or its people. Should such danger be found to exist, and appear to be imminent, you will collect and march the forces above, indicated to the Sabine river, but not proceed beyond the frontier without further instructions, keeping in readiness, in the case supposed, all necessary means of transportation, as well as ample stores of subsistence and ammunition.

By these instructions it is not meant to impress upon your mind the belief that the Government apprehend hostility with any foreign Power. They are given to you for the purpose of enjoining circumspection and attention to the condition of your force.—I repeat the injunction of confidence, and the full reliance reposed in your judgment and prudence by the Government.

I write under the instructions of the War Department, in consultation with the General in chief.

I am, sir, very respectfully your obedient servant,

R. JONES, Adjutant General.

The documents from the Navy Department give the following list of U. S. vessels of war now cruising in, or under orders for the Gulf of Mexico:—Frigate Potomac, Capt. F. M. Newell; sloop Vincennes, Com. F. Buchanan; brig Somers, Commander J. T. Gerry, (formerly commanded by Lieut. T. W. Brent.) Under orders at Norfolk, and ready for use—sloop Vandalia, Com. J. S. Chauncey; sloop Falmouth, Com. J. R. Sands; steamer Union, Lieut. Com. H. H. Bell; brig Bainbridge, Com. New. man, at New York for repairs. All the above are attached to the home squadron, Commodore David Connor.

The instructions to the Commander of the Squadron are mainly embodied in a letter from the Navy Department of April 15th, marked Confidential, and containing only these passages of public interest:—

You will, in your discretion, employ the vessels composing your squadron in cruising in the Gulf of Mexico, so as to communicate frequently with Galveston; and occasionally show yourself at or before Vera Cruz, with such deviations to other parts of your cruising grounds as in your judgment may be best calculated to effect the objects of your general and special instructions.

You will be cautious in committing no violation of the rights of others, but resist and punish aggression on ours. If while the question of annexation is pending, an armed force shall threaten an invasion of Texas, you will remonstrate with the commanding officer, and you will accompany your remonstrance with the assurance that the President of the United States will regard the execution of such a hostile purpose towards Texas, under such circumstances, as evincing a most unfriendly spirit towards the United States; and which, in the event of the treaty's ratification, must lead to actual hostilities with this country.

If you observe any preparations for such an invasion, you will without delay communicate the information to this Department, that the President may submit the same to Congress.

You will communicate, as often as occasion may present itself, with the Charge d'Affaires of the United States at Texas, and make your despatches to the Department as frequent as opportunities may offer.

I am very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

JOHN Y. MASON, Commodore DAVID CONNER.

These are the only documents yet published of any significance connected with the question of war with Mexico, growing out of the annexation treaty.—The Intelligencer, in alluding to them, says very significantly that they corroborate, so far as they go, the positive information received from another source concerning the stipulation with the President of Texas, entered into by Mr. Tyler, pledging the armed intervention of the United States in case Mexico should invade the Texan territory. The Madisonian contains also this important paragraph; the "rumor" of course, is official.

ANOTHER MESSAGE.—Mr. Tyler has sent a Message to the Senate, in answer to a resolution of that body, in which he states, that "no messenger has been sent to Mexico in order to obtain her assent to the Treaty with Texas, it not being regarded by the Executive as in any degree requisite to obtain such consent" &c. The Message also says:—"The recently appointed Envoy from the United States to Mexico will be sent so soon as the final action is had on the question of Annexation, at which time, and not before, can his instructions be understandingly prepared."

THE TEXAS TREATY.—The Richmond Equivocal says it has learned from Washington, that on Monday the Senate Committee of Foreign Relations reported against the Treaty for annexing Texas to the United States. Mr. Buchanan voted for it. Messrs Archer Choate and Berrien voted against it; and Mr. Tallmadge was not present when the vote was taken.

MR. WOODBURY'S TEXAS LETTER.—The Washington Spectator contains a letter from the Hon. Levi Woodbury, addressed to a Virginia committee, and declaring that he "has formed a conscientious conviction that the annexation of Texas to the United States is proper." The reasons he advances are: 1. Because its possession seems to him important to our security in case of war; 2. Because it will secure to the industry and trade of Mississippi tranquility and peace; 3. Because it would secure the southwest against collision in navigation, exposure to aggression, &c.; 4. Because it is, in its influence on all the great branches of industry, a question "deeply interesting to our common country; and finally, because we should recede a territory we once possessed, and which was ceded away without its assent.

Boston Post.

Sir Charles Metcalf, the Governor of Canada, recently had a cancer cut from his face. The operation was performed by Dr. Pollock; the dissection necessary for removing the cancer extended over a space about the size of a dollar.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY.
Newport.
SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1844.

The May term of the Court of Common Pleas for this county, was commenced in this town on Tuesday morning last, Judge Brayton, of the Supreme Court, presiding. The Grand Jury made no presentments, and the petit jury had nothing to do, as every case upon the docket was disposed of without coming to trial. The Court adjourned at 5 o'clock the same afternoon.

ARMY AND NAVAL MOVEMENTS.—The President's Message, with a summary of the accompanying Documents, will be found in our preceding columns. The Message does not appear to possess that very objectionable character, which previous intimations from Washington led us to expect.—The movements on the part of the President appear to have been made by way of precaution, under an apprehension that Mexico would consider the annexation of Texas as a declaration of war against her by the United States.

GENEROUS DONATIONS.—The Redwood Library Company received a few weeks since from a gentleman of New Orleans (who is a native of this town) a check for one thousand dollars, presented them for the purpose of repairing the Portico and steps of the Library building, or for any other purpose they may think proper.—The same gentleman has within a few days remitted them another sum of one Thousand Dollars, which is to be expended in grading the street and flagging the sidewalk from the head of Touro street, to the end of the Library Lot.

QUICK WORK.—The N. Y. Express says that the passengers from Boston by the Rhode Island, were landed in New York on Saturday morning, at 32 minutes past 4, being only 12 hours from city to city. The time over the Providence railroad was one hour and 27 minutes, and over the Stonington Road one hour and 50 minutes—whole time between Boston and Stonington (including ferry) three hours and 39 minutes distance 90 miles. This is the shortest time ever made by a passenger train over these roads.

MERRY'S MUSEUM for May has been received. It is well filled, and neatly printed.

OPPOSITION.—The Boston Post of yesterday says: It is reported that the steamers Cleopatra and Worcester have been purchased by a company in Providence, and will commence their trips early next week. Fare, via Providence, \$2.50 through, from Boston to New York.

Appointments by the President. By and with the advice and consent of the Senate.

Archibald W. Hyde, to be collector of the customs for the district of Vermont, and inspector of the revenue for the port of Albany, in the State of Vermont, vice Wm. P. Briggs, removed.

George H. McWhorter, to be collector of the customs for the district, and inspector of the revenue for the port, of Oswego, in the State of New York, vice Thomas H. Bond, removed.

Thomas Gatewood, to be naval officer for the district of Norfolk and Portsmouth, in the State of Virginia.

Michael Kennedy, to be consul of the United States for Cayenne, in French Guiana.

Joseph Raymond, to be consul of the United States for Manzanillo, in the island of Cuba.

Robert P. de Silver, of Pennsylvania, to be consul of the United States for Port Louis, in the Isle of France.

Thomas W. Waldron, to be consul of the United States for Hong Kong, in China.

Paul S. Forbes, to be consul of the United States for Canton, vice P. W. Snow, deceased.

Thomas G. Peachy, to be consul of the United States for Amoy in China.

Richard S. Belt, to be consul of the U. States for Matamoros in Mexico, vice Daniel W. Smith, resigned.

F. M. Aubouyeau, to be consul of the United States for La Rochelle, in France.

Henry J. Brent, to be consul of the U. States for Ravenna, in Italy.

Warder Cresson, to be consul of the U. States for Jerusalem, in Palestine.

NAVAL.—The U. S. frigate Congress was at Cadiz April 20.

The U. S. frigate Constitution is ready for sea, and will sail as soon as Mr. Wise is prepared to embark; when she will start immediately for the Brazils, from whence she proceeds to China.

The U. S. steamer Union, Lt. Com'g Bell, bound on a cruise in the Gulf of Mexico, sailed Wednesday evening from Norfolk.

The U. S. frigate United States, Capt. Armstrong, was at Mazatlan, April 2d, having arrived there on the 27th of March, in 32 days from Callao. She would remain there through the month of April, and then probably return to Callao.

NAVAL.—Capt Lovett, of ship Shaw, at Boston, from Cadiz, April 16, announces the death, on the 23d of March, of Capt. Shubrick, of U. S. frigate Columbia, while on the passage from Rio Janeiro to Cadiz.

SUDDEN DEATHS.—Rev. Benjamin R. Woodbridge of South-Hadley, formerly pastor of the church in Norwich, died suddenly, on Wednesday, the 8th inst., at the age of 69. We learn from the Courier, that he attended the ceremony of laying the corner-stone of the new meeting house on the day previous; and on the day of his death he had been to Cabotville. After his return from Cabotville, while conversing with a nephew who resided with him, he fell from his chair, and expired, apparently, without a gasp. On Friday of the same week, his sister died almost as suddenly. She, although evidently sinking under the weight of 81 years, had not been confined to her room. The deceased, both unmarried through life, had always resided together; and even in death they were not separated. Their funeral was attended at the same time, and both were interred in one grave. A funeral discourse was delivered by Rev. Payson Williston of Easthampton. [Northampton Gazette.]

DEATH OF ANNER ROGERS JR.—We learn that this individual, who was recently tried in this city for the murder of Mr. Lincoln, the late Warden of the State Prison, and acquitted on the ground of insanity, and who was subsequently removed from the State Prison to the Lunatic Asylum at Worcester, died yesterday morning. The immediate cause of his death was as follows:—While the household had assembled on Friday evening, in "Johannet Hall," for evening prayers, near the close of the exercises, Rogers became impatient, and requested his attendant to permit him to retire.—The attendant replied that the services would soon be through, when not a minute elapsed before he sprang through the window, with great force, taking out four panes with the sash. The fall was about sixteen feet. When found he was senseless, and remained so until he expired.—Boston Merc. Jour. Monday.

PAYMENT FOR GOOD BOOKS.—Mr. Stephens author of incidents of travel in Central America, has received from the Harpers, as the profits of the sale of this work, \$20,000; the same firm have paid recently to Mr. Prescott, for his work, entitled the Conquest of Mexico, \$7500, and the demand for the work still continues; they have also paid to the learned Dr. Charles Anthon more than \$5000 annually, for several years, as copyright for his various classical and school books.

INTERESTING—OF A LOST CHILD.—We learn that a little boy, the child of Washington Hunt, near the Broad-ford, in Smythe county, Va., aged two years last February, wandered from home on the 27th of last month, and was not found for five days. Diligent search was made by a large number of people, sometimes reaching, we learn, near two hundred. The child was at length found in the head of a hollow running from Walker's Mountain, and about one mile from home. It had sought a shelter under the side of a log, where, from appearances, it must have been the whole time—it had a bed of leaves; near it was a spring, where it had gone for water, which was the only sustenance the child could have had in all this time. This child knew its parents and exhibited no signs of fear, and we learn is doing well. How strangely has this child been preserved and kept in life? But for the supply of water it must have perished. [Wytteville Republican, 8th inst.]

Improvements in Boston.—An enterprising mechanic has shown us a memorandum of one hundred and thirty four brick dwelling houses now in course of erection in this city, mostly of three and four stories each. The land bordering on the Tremont road will be improved during the coming season, by the erection of more than a hundred houses on the lines of the new streets laid out in that quarter. Truly this is a growing city. Bay State Democrat.

Sixty Mormons, several of them from N. Hampshire, took their departure from Boston on Tuesday afternoon, in the train for Albany, where they are to be joined by others of the brethren, making in all one hundred and twenty, and proceed to Nauvoo.

Mr. Allen DeGraffenreid of Chester district, S. C., was murdered in his own house on the night of the 12th inst., by some person or persons unknown; shot through the head, and his brains beat out and robbed of a large sum of money, supposed from four to five thousand dollars.

Daniel Deas, alias Graham, was executed at Edgefield, S. C., on Friday last, for the murder of William Barefoot, his father-in-law. At the scaffold he addressed the crowd, confessed the murder, and admitted the justice of his sentence.

Hall, who murdered Mrs. Bacon in Middletown, Conn. is, it is said, desirous of being hung in preference to being imprisoned for life, and wishes to be executed in public. He probably wishes to make an exhibition of heroism, for the encouragement of villains like himself.

At Cincinnati on the 11th inst., great excitement was created by the finding of a human body tied up in a sack, at the foot of Lawrence street, floating in the Ohio river. Upon examination it was found to be the body of a boy, about ten years old, who, it was conjectured, was, when asleep, sewed up and cast forth on the waters to die! Who the murderers are, or where the deed was perpetrated, is not known.

EXPLOSION.—One of the boilers of the Steam Engine Manufactory, at Fox Point, exploded yesterday afternoon at about 6 o'clock, with terrible effect, tearing the building to pieces, and scattering every thing in confusion and ruin. The boiler was torn into pieces like strips of cloth, and burst through the building at different sides. One piece went through the side of an adjoining building, passing not far from a man who was writing at the desk. No one was seriously injured. A man employed in Capt. Siemhauer's coal yard had his face grazed by a fragment of the building, but was not badly hurt. The workmen had gone out a few minutes before the explosion, and only two remained in the establishment. Had the accident taken place when the works were in operation many lives would have been lost, and it is most providential that no person in the street, or in the neighborhood was injured. It is impossible to estimate the loss with any accuracy; it can hardly be less than four or five thousand dollars.

We do not know what was the immediate cause of the explosion, but it certainly should be strictly enquired into.—This is the third which has taken place in the city within a few years, and a proper regard for the safety of our citizens demands that greater care should be exercised in the management of steam engines.—Providence Journal of Thursday.

DISGRACEFUL.—Some excitement has been occasioned in our usually quiet city, within a few days, by the development of adulterous conduct on the part of Rev. Mr. Raine, of the Primitive Methodist Church, and his consequent expulsion from the ministry. By his own confession, he has misled from the path of virtue, two females of his church—both of whom have been at different times servants in his family—and one of them since married to a member of his church. Nothing but his acknowledgments of the crime would have had any weight against him, as, for the two or three years he has been an irreproachable character, and even been pointed to as a model of christian humility and usefulness. He has been in the habit of "exchanging" with the clergyman in Meriden, in which town one of the females resides—and where the fact was brought to light on a recent ministerial visit.

He has decamped, leaving an amiable wife, and an interesting family of children, without the means of support. The family are English, (from one of the mining districts) which occupation he says he left some years since, to take up the profession which he has thus disgraced. It is said he formerly preached in Patterson, N. J. New Haven Register.

FATAL ACCIDENT ON THE LOWELL RAILROAD.—The 11 o'clock train, from this city, for Dover, on the Lowell Road, ran off the track, at half past 11, this morning, when near the watering place at Woburn, caused by a broken bolt in the rail, near the switch. The engine, tender, and baggage car were dashed to pieces.

The engineer, Mr. Caldwell, was instantly killed. The fireman, an Irishman, was very badly scalded, his leg broken, and otherwise injured, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.—Boston Transcript, Monday.

Robbery and Homicide.—We learn by a friend that a notorious thief, whose name we did not learn, was shot through the head and killed by a boy about fifteen years old, in Orange county, last Saturday. It seems that the thief had stolen a watch from a farmer, and, being pursued, betook himself to the woods, some twenty or more persons following; and when approached, he presented a pistol and threatened the person with immediate death who should attempt to arrest him, and did once or twice snap a pistol at one of the party. The boy says he intended to intimidate the fellow by shooting over his head; but the thief, seeing a rifle levelled at him, ran, and by changing his position and placing himself on higher ground, received the charge in the back of his head, the ball passing out near his nose, and causing instant death. N. Y. Tribune.

Intelligence has just been received at Havana on the 4th, via Matanzas, that the city of Tangier was attacked and captured by a Spanish army under Gen. Concha, who was sent to demand satisfaction for the insult lately offered to the Spanish consul resident in that city.

The loss by the burning of the Woolen Factory of Messrs. Richards & Carson, at Hingsdale, Mass., on the 15th, is about \$25,000—\$17,000 of which was the portion of the former, who loses by this fire his whole property. No insurance on building or machinery. The fire was occasioned by the spontaneous combustion of stock in the garret. Springfield Repub.

FIRE AT MARION.—Howard College, Marion, S. C., was burnt on the 10th, with the apparatus worth \$5000. This college was of the Baptist order, and had in connection with it a theological department.

Important decision in Illinois.—The Quincy (Illinois) Herald of the 3d, reports a decision of Judge Thomas, by which the unconstitutionality of the two-thirds apportionment law of that State is affirmed under the decision of the Supreme Court of the U. States. No alternative is now, therefore, left to debtors, but to pay up or have their property seized.

Brighton Market, Monday, May 20. Reported for the Boston Daily Advertiser

At Market, 540 Beef Cattle, 10 pairs of Working Oxen, 140 Sheep, and 1600 Swine. PRICES.—Beef Cattle.—Prices have declined, and we reduce our quotations, viz: a small number Extra 5 50; first quality 5 25; second quality 4 50 a 4 75; third quality, 3 75 a 4 25. Sheep.—Sold from \$2 50 to 4 50. Swine.—Lots to peddle 5c for Sows, and 6c for Barrows; large Barrows 4 1 3 a 5c, 6000 a 4 4c. At retail from 6 1 2 to 7c

Temperance Notice. We are requested to give notice that there will be a Temperance Meeting at the Town Hall, on Monday evening next, May 25.

Rescued from Death. Disease had laid the strong man low.—He writhed in torture's strife; And through Time's glass, with rapid flow, Glided his sands of life.

He scarce could turn from side to side, A film obscured his eye, And all who saw the sufferer cried, "Alas! this man must die!"

But no; when doctors had essayed Their utmost skill in vain, Even as for present death he prayed, In thronos of mortal pain.

A friend, (such friends, if Heaven wills, Be mine, in danger dread.) Armed with a box of Peters' Pills, Approached the patient's bed.

He forced them down the sick man's throat— What need the rest to tell— Saved by the sovereign antidote, The man though booked for Charon's boat, Within a month was well!

For Sale at No. 142 Thames Street by CHARLES N. TILLEY, Agent, Newport R. I.

MARRIED.

In Stonington on the 8th inst, Mr. James E. Woodson, to Miss Margaret D. Castoff, both of this town:

DIED.

In this town on Thursday evening last, Mrs. Nancy Barker, wife of Mr. Noah Barker. In Providence, on Monday last, Mrs. Eliza both Martin, widow of the late John Martin, in the 67th year of her age. In New York city 20th inst. Elder Simon Clough, a distinguished minister of the Christian denomination, and formerly pastor of the First Christian Church in New Bedford.

Marine List.

Port of Newport.

ARRIVED.

SATURDAY, May 19th. Brig Foster, Lancaster, fm Providence for Bangor.

Sch'r's Wandopasco, Eddy, fm Fall River for Charleston; Kate Aubry, Chandler, fm Baltimore for Augusta, Me.; Jane Sally Francis, Baker, fm New Bedford for New York; Cordelia, Baker, fm Plymouth for do.

Sloop Helen, Pitman, fm Bristol for New Bedford.

Sailed.—Sch'r's J. Ruggles, Enterprise, Jane, Hudson, Pensacola, and Packet, all for Bangor; Atlas, Gardiner; Franklin, Kennebec; Convey, and Lapping, Boston; Odion, and Emblem, Harrington; Truxillo, Belfast; Watchman, Cutler; Martha & Susan, Gloucester; Durce, Salem; Elizabeth, N. Bedford; Kate Aubry, Augusta; Mary Elizabeth, Machias; Hope & Susan, Bath; Betsey & Deborah, Yarmouth;—Sloop Brunette, Norwich; Wm H. Buon, Hartford.

SUNDAY, May 19th.

Brig Confidence, Bailey, fm Cardenas, 8th inst, and 10 days from the Keys.

Sch'r's Harvest, Presby, fm Taunton for New York; Adm'r Blake, Hadley, from Charleston; Maria, Taylor, fm Nantucket for Philadelphia; Imperial, Reed, fm Savannah for Providence; Isabella, Holder Borden, watchlike for Woods' Hole; Holder Borden, Baker, fm Providence for Philadelphia; Sengto, Lewis, fm New London.

Sloops Rienzi, Durfee, fm New York for Providence; Volant, Willetton, fm Fall River for New York.

Sailed.—Brig Good Hope, Havana; Foster, Bangor;—Sch'r's Wandopasco, Charleston;—Sloop Helen, New Bedford.

MONDAY, May 20th.

Brig Echo, Messer, fm Mariel, via Wilmington, N.C. with Molasses, to Job A. Peckham.

Sch'r's Galaxy, Bray, fm Providence for Provincetown; Paramount, Styron, fm do for Ocracoke; Henry Clay, Collins, fm Pawtucket for the Delaware; Mary, Ward, fm Fall River for New York; Mary, Welch, fm New York for Boston.

Sloop Oscar, Presby, fm Taunton for New York.

TUESDAY, May 21st.

Sch'r's Canton, Presby, fm Fall River for Baltimore.

Sloops Mary Nichols, Spencer, fm East Greenwich for Nantucket; Hudson, Crapo, fm New Bedford for Providence; Yankee, Hatch, fm Fall River for New York; Jane, Hall, fm Pawtucket for Providence.

Sailed.—Sch'r's Holder Borden; and Maria, for Philadelphia; Jane Sally, Francis, Cordelia, and Mary, New York; Paramount, Ocracoke; Henry Clay, Delaware; Galaxy, Provincetown; Mary, Boston;—Sloop Oscar, New York.

WEDNESDAY, May 22d.

Brig Albert, Pedrick, (of Boston,) fm Cardenas via Savannah for Boston.

Sch'r's Flash, —, fm Fall River for Philadelphia; Isabella, Jefferson, fm Beaufort, N. C. for Fall River.

Sloops Helen, Pitman, fm New Bedford for Bristol; Cinderella, Tilley, fm Hamilton for Boston; Rienzi, Durfee, fm Providence.

THURSDAY, May 23d.

Sch'r's New Zealand, Poland, fm Lubec for Philadelphia; May Flower, King, fm Mobile for Providence.

Sloop Teemachse, Childs, fm Providence; Monitor, Cummings, fm Fall River for do; Erie, fm New Bedford for do.

FRIDAY, May 24th. Sloop Vigilant, Heath, fm New York for Providence.

Marine Memoranda.

Arr at St. Jago, 22d ult, brig Robert Bruce:

Gardner, from Savannah, and was in port 30th for Savannah, next day.

Arr at Havana, 3d, sch'r Lady Warrington, Swasey, from Charleston;—4th, brig Prince de Joinville, Gardner, and Poland, Lawton, from Savannah;—ship Wm. Engs, Coe, from New York.

Arr at Savannah, 7th, sch'r Convert. Reynolds, fm New Orleans, and old 14th for Philadelphia. In port, 14th, brig Octavia, Smith, Idg for Boston.

Arr at Baltimore, 16th, Sch'r Direct, Briggs, fm New York

At Nants, (in the river) 24th ult, three masted sch'r Hannah, Woodman, from New York.

Spoken 17th in Block Island Channel, brig Tasso, Ahmy, fm this port for Havana.

Arr at Appalacheicola, previous to the 11th, sch'r Massasoit, Draper, per Havana.

Arr at Ocracoke, 10th, brig Rowena, Williams, fm Norfolk.

Arr at Baltimore 21st inst, Sch'r Orator, Russell, fm Mobile.

Arr at Norfolk 11th, sch'r Erin, Gardner, Newport; Mary, Treethen, Newport.

WHALEERS.

Arr at New Bedford, 14th, barque Nye, Smith, N W Coast, via Sandwich Islands, 950 blbs wh 25 do sperm.

Weekly Almanac.

1844.	Sun	Sun	Sun	High
MAY.	rise.	sets.	sets.	Wat.
25 Saturday,	4 39	7 31	0 22	1 55
26 Sunday,	4 38	7 22	0 48	2 43
27 Monday,	4 38	7 22	1 17	3 33
28 Tuesday,	4 37	7 23	1 48	4 27
29 Wednesday,	4 36	7 24	2 23	5 25
30 Thursday,	4 35	7 25	3 15	6 26
31 Friday,	4 34	7 26	rise;	7 30

Moons first qr. 25th, d 2h, 33m morning.

WANTED,

A WOMAN to cook and do the work in a family. A white woman would be preferred. Enquire at this Office. Newport May 25.

Dry Goods.

AT NO. 132, GAMBROONS, jeans, diapers, linens, linen cambrics, and kerchiefs, for sale low by J. M. COOK. Newport, May 25, 1844.

Court of Probate, Middletown, May 20th. THE Executor's 4th account on the estate of GEORGE IRISH.

late of Middletown, deceased, was presented for examination and allowance.

It is ordered, That the same be received, and the consideration thereof referred to a Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town House in Middletown, the 3d Monday in June next, at 1 o'clock P. M. and that previous notice be given by publishing a copy of this Order 3 several times in the Newport Mercury, for all persons interested to appear at said time and place, and be heard.

A true Copy—witness, JOSHUA COGGEHALL, Probate Clerk.

NOTICE.

THE Town Council of the Town of Newport, will meet on WEDNESDAY, May 29th, instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Town Hall in Newport, for the purpose of further correcting the lists of Voters of said town of Newport, for the annual Town Meeting to be holden at Newport, on the first Tuesday in June next, for the election of Town Officers.

By order, B. B. HOWLAND, Town Clerk. Newport, May, 18.

DANCING SCHOOL.

M. R. D. T. CAPRON, respectfully announces to his friends in Newport, that he will open his Dancing School on Tuesday, June 4th, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the Masonic Hall.—Particular attention will be given to those placed under his care.

P. S. A class for Gentlemen will be attended to at 8 o'clock, in the evening.

Terms \$6 for 24 lessons. May 18th—tf.

Newport Exchange Bank.

A meeting of the stockholders of this bank, MONDAY, May 6th, 1844, David S. Holloway, Israel F. Lake, Nathan Hammett, Samuel Carr and John Sterne, were chosen directors for the ensuing year.

And at a meeting of the directors, the same day, Nathan Hammett, Esq. was re-chosen President.

JOHN STERNE, Cashier. May 11.—3w.

FOR SALE.

An excellent body Pew No 49 in the north Isle of Trinity Church. For terms enquire at this Office. Newport, May 11.

DUCK FACTORY.

AT a meeting of the Proprietors of the Newport Duck Factory, in Warner street, on Friday evening the 10th inst, the subscribers were appointed a Committee, to dispose of the buildings on said lot, to the best advantage, and to cause the same to be removed from the premises.

—They therefore offer the above building for sale, and if not disposed of previous to Saturday the first of June, they will on that day be sold at Public Auction at 11 o'clock, a. m. on the premises. For terms apply to

J. D. NORTHAM. W. H. DOUGLASS. Newport, May 11.

Orange Flower Water,

Of superior quality, just imported fresh for sale at STACY'S Confectionary and Variety store. [May 18.]

Bottled Ale, Porter and Champaign Cider, just received and for sale by May 18] T. STACY, Jr.

Auctions.

Splendid Green House PLANTS, &c.



From the extensive Garden and Nurseries of ANSON HOWARD POTTER, Cranston, R. I., at Auction.

Will be sold at Public Auction THIS MORNING, May 25th, at 10 o'clock, at No. 142 Thames street,

A splendid collection of Green House Plants, consisting of a great variety of Roses, Cactus, Geraniums, Heliotropes, verbenas, calceolarias, primroses, &c. &c.

Also, a fine collection of double Dahlies. Some of the roses are of the best kind of white and yellow Tea.

Conditions cash. CHARLES N. TILLEY, Auc'r.

Also—at private sale, a beautiful collection of fine Tea Roses, of various colors. Call and see them.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber respectfully gives notice, that he has taken the Store, corner of Banister's wharf and Thames-street, and directly opposite the Eagle Hotel, where he intends keeping a general assortment of Fruits, Preserves, Jellies

Spices, Catsups, Pickles, Macarons, Vermacilla, Nuts, bottled and Draft Ale; bottled Cider, Porter & Beer by the dozen or single bottle; bottled and Fountain Soda Water, with or without Syrups, by the doz. or single bottle; Havana and Principe Cigars; Fine Cut Chewing, Turkish and American Smoking Tobacco; Pipes, Bird Cages and Bird Seed; and a variety of other articles too numerous to mention. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited. T. S. STANHOPE. Newport, May 18th.—tf.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE subscribers having been appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate of the town of Newport, commissioners to receive, examine and allow the claims of the Creditors of the estate of

PELEG WEAVER, late of Newport, decd. represented insolvent, and six months from this date being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their claims before said Commissioners, We will attend at the house of Peter P. Remington, on the last Saturdays in September, October, and November next at 7 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of deciding on such claims as may be presented against said estate.

JAMES LAWTON, DANIEL C. DUNHAM, HENRY TAGGART, Comm'rs.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to PETER P. REMINGTON, Administrator with the Will annexed. Newport, May 11, 1844.

Commissioners' & Administrators' Notice.

THE Subscribers having been appointed by the Court of Probate for the town of Newport, Commissioners to receive and examine the claims against the estate of

MARY SMITH, late of Newport, deceased, represented insolvent, and six months from this date, being allowed by said Court for the creditors to present and prove their respective claims, we will attend at the Counting room of John V. Hammett & Son, on the last Saturdays in August, September and October at 3 p. m., for the purpose of deciding on such claims.

ISAAC GOULD, JOHN V. HAMMETT, Comm'rs. ROBT SHERMAN, Ad.

All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to CHARLES GYLES, Adm'r. Newport, May 6, 1844.

MOLASSES.

350 BBLS. & 65 Tierces of first quality New Orleans Molasses in Store. For sale by SILAS H. COTTREL. Newport, May 11.

Summer Goods.

OPENED ON WEDNESDAY. WM. C. COZZENS & CO, Have just received a great variety of Balzorines, Bareges, Lawns, and every style of rich Summer Dress Goods.

Also—Black Silk Shawls, Black Satin do, Black Lace, do, Barege do.

POETRY.

From Heath's Book of Beauty for 1844.

Content and Desire.

BY BULWER.

There rested on a heap of stone,
A quiet, but shadowy form;
A thousand tempests there had blown,
And still as calm it kept its throne—
A smile on the storm!

There skimmed the earth and roved the air
A shape on restless wings,
Forever, be it foul or fair,
Fluttering, and seeking here and there
For undiscovered things.

An angel came from Heaven, and bore
The silent shade on high,
Half seen, with dim clouds floating o'er,
To dwell, and smile for evermore
Within the farthest sky!

The flutterer on the wing, that ne'er
Till then a goal had guessed,
Behold the silent shadow there,
Skirts earth no more, but through the air,
Forever upward, seeks to share,
In vain the calm one's rest!

A guide, that leads all human kind,
That winged fool is given—
For aye to seek, and ne'er to find
Till earth be over—the shade enshrined
In clouds,—but clouds of Heaven!

BE KIND.

Be kind to thy father—for when thou wert
young,
Who loved thee so fondly as he?
He caught the first accents that fell from
thy tongue
And joined in thy innocent glee.
Be kind to thy father, for now he is old,
His locks intermingled with grey,
His footsteps are feeble, once fearless and
bold;
Thy father is passing away.

Be kind to thy mother—for lo! on her brow
May traces of sorrow be seen;
O well mayst thou cherish and comfort her
now,
For loving and kind hath she been,
Remember thy mother—for thee will she pray,
As long as God giveth her breath;
With accents of kindness, then cheer her lone
way,
E'en to the dark valley of death.

Be kind to thy brother—his heart will have
doth,
If the smile of thy love be withdrawn;
The flowers of feeling will fade at their birth,
If the dew of affection be gone.
Be kind to thy brother—wherever you are,
The love of a brother shall be
An ornament purer and richer by far,
Than pearls from the depths of the sea.

Be kind to thy sister—not many may know
The depth of true sisterly love;
The wealth of the Ocean lies fathoms below
The surface that sparkles above.
Thy kindness shall bring to thee many sweet
hours,
And blessings thy pathway to crown;
Affection shall weave thee a garland of flow-
ers,
More precious than wealth or renown.

A Chronological Account

of all material Occurrences from the first
settlement of RHODE ISLAND.

1753.

At the Annual Election on the first
Wednesday of May, the following persons
were elected officers.

William Greene, Governor.
Joseph Whipple, Deputy Governor.

Assistants.

John Tillinghast, Robert Lawton,
Nicholas Cook, Wm. Richmond,
Jonathan Nichols, Jeremiah Lippett
Stephen Brownell, Jeffrey Watson.
Jabez Bowen, Dan'l Coggeshall.
Thomas Ward, Secretary.
Daniel Urdike, Attorney General.
Thomas Richardson, Treasurer.
Joseph Whipple, Deputy Governor, re-
signed his place as Deputy Governor,
and the Assembly elected Jonathan
Nichols, one of the Assistants to fill the
vacancy.

The Light House at Beaver Tail was
destroyed by fire about this time, it was
built of wood and the General Assembly
voted to build another of brick and stone.

Joseph Whipple, late Deputy Gover-
nor, who was an extensive Merchant in
Newport, petitioned the Assembly for a
special act of Insolvency, which was
granted.

Difficulties arose this year between
the English and French colonies in
America, each making approaches and
encroachments on each other; both sides
endeavoring to seize the most favorable
situations and passes for new forts and
trading houses. The French built a
strong fort on the forks of the Mononge-
hela [where the city of Pittsburgh now
stands] which they called fort Du Quesne.
It was on this occasion that the name of
George Washington was first announced
to the world, he having been appointed
by Gov. Dinwiddie of Virginia, as the
bearer of a letter of remonstrance to the
Commander of the French troops.

Rev. Dr. McSparrow, an English Mis-
sionary of the Episcopal Church in Rhode
Island, in a work published in Dublin this
year, estimates the navigation of this Col-
ony, at 300 sail of Vessels from 60 tons
and upwards.

John Brown, who was an eminent Mer-
chant of Newport died Oct. 1653 aged
60 years.

The celebrated George Berkley, Bish-
op of Cloyne, (better known as Dean Berk-
ley and for his residence in Rhode Island,)
died at Oxford (Eng.) on the 14th Jan.
1753 in the 69th year of his age.

Laws of Rhode Island,

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

In General Assembly May Session, A. D.
1844.

AN ACT in amendment of an act en-
titled "An act to regulate the Militia."
It is enacted by the General Assembly
as follows

Section 1. The fortieth section of said
act is so far amended, that each com-
manding officer of a Regimental Com-
pany, may order out his company on any
day during the month of May in each
year, for inspection and drill, at the hour
and during the period of the day of said
inspection and drill in said section men-
tioned and permitted; instead of being
required to inspect and drill his company
on the third Monday of May in each
year, as is by said section required.

Sec. 2. Nothing in said act shall be
so construed as to require a return to the
Governor and Senate by a regimental
company, of other than the names of the
officers elected, for the purpose of entitling
the officers elect to their commis-
sions.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

Resolved, That all officers of chartered
military companies who have neglected
to make their returns to the Governor
and Senate at this session, are hereby
authorized and permitted to make their
said returns to the Governor and Senate,
at any time previous to the third day
of the next session of this General Assembly
and said returns, when so made, shall be
as valid and effectual as if they had been
made at this session according to law;
and that all officers of said companies be
continued in their several offices with full
power until their successors are qualified
to act.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

Resolved, That the General Treasurer
is hereby directed to call on the collector
of taxes in the several towns, who have
not made the return and payment re-
quired by the seventh section of the "Act
to regulate the militia"; and to report the
names of all collectors who do not make
such payment or return by the second
day of the June session of this General
Assembly; and in case of any payment on ac-
count of the military tax now due, before
the said second day of said session, that
the distribution thereof be suspended until
the further order of this General Assem-
bly.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT in addition to an act entitled
"an act to regulate the election of civil
officers," passed at the January
Session, A. D. 1844.

It is enacted by the General Assembly
as follows.

Section 1. The several town coun-
cils shall hereafter consist of a number
not less than five nor more than seven.

Sec. 2. At the annual town meetings,
held for the choice of town officers, if
a vote by ballot be demanded in the
election of a moderator or town clerk, a
separate vote shall be taken in each case.
Before the election of councilmen or
justices of the peace is begun, the electors
shall determine the number of such
officers to be elected. The members of
the council shall be chosen next in order
after the election of town clerk; and in
choosing them, the vote, whether by bal-
lot or otherwise, shall be taken for the
whole number at the same time; and if
by ballot, the names of all the persons
voted for by any one elector shall be
placed upon one piece of paper. The
Justices of the Peace shall be next cho-
sen, and in the same manner; but the
ballots for councilmen, justices of the
peace, and for any other officers, may be
delivered to the moderator at the same
time, if so ordered by the town.

Sec. 3. If on the day of annual elec-
tion of town officers, any town shall fail
to make an election of town clerk, town
council, justices of the peace, or treasurer
the meeting may be adjourned for the
purpose of completing the election of
those officers, (but of no others,) from
day to day, not exceeding three days be-
yond the first meeting. In case any town
shall, on the day of such annual election,
fail to elect any of the officers which they
may lawfully choose, (except town clerk,
council, justices of the peace, and treas-
urer,) the said officers shall be elected
by the town council of the town at their
next meeting; and the several towns
shall have full power to delegate to their
respective councils, the election of any
of the officers which town may lawfully
choose, excepting town clerk, council,
justices of the peace, and treasurer.

Sec. 4. The present town officers, and
all hereafter elected, shall hold their of-
fices until their successors are qualified
to act.

Sec. 5. Any elector for any office
shall be eligible to such office.

Sec. 6. In case of a ballot for members
of council, or justices of the peace, the
names shall be numbered upon the ballots,
and in counting them, the places num-
bered, shall be considered as separate places.

Sec. 7. The ninth section of the "Act

establishing the election of town officers
in each town within this State," contain-
ed in the Digest of 1822, which autho-
rizes any two persons to demand a vote
by ballot, and so much of all former laws
as are inconsistent with this act, are
hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. This act shall take effect upon
the rising of this Assembly, and continue
in force until the time when the revised
statute go into operation and no longer.

Sec. 9. In the town of Smithfield, in
case a vote by ballot be demanded for
town clerk, before such ballot shall take
place, the electors shall determine the
number of town councilmen to be elected,
and the votes for town clerk, council-
men, town treasurer and town sergeant,
may be handed in to the moderator at the
same time. The names of the candidates
for councilmen, town treasurer, and town
sergent voted for by any one elector,
shall be placed on one piece of paper, and
the name of the candidate for clerk shall
be placed on another.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

AN ACT relating to Justices of the
Peace.

It is enacted by the General Assembly
as follows.

The Justices of the Peace in the se-
veral towns, whether elected by the Gene-
ral Assembly, or by the people in town
meeting, who have neglected to make
their returns to the General Treasurer
pursuant to law, are hereby authorized
and permitted to make their said returns
to the General Treasurer, at any time
previous to the third day of the next ses-
sion of this Assembly; and said returns
shall be as valid and effectual as if they
had been made at this session according
to law; and said Justices of the Peace
who have neglected to make their returns
as aforesaid, are hereby continued in their
respective offices until the next session of
this General Assembly, with as full power
and authority as they have at any time
had.

True copy—witness,
HENRY BOWEN, Sec'y.

Agricultural.



The First Weeding.—In ground that
is well manured you will be likely to be
troubled with many weeds, which render
the labor of the first hoeing arduous.—
You will save much labor if you will
recollect to pass a broad brush harrow
over your corn field just as the corn
makes its appearance; you will thus give
the young corn a week the start of the
weeds, you will make the corn shoot up
better, and you will make the crows sus-
picious you are setting traps for them.—
If you have dropped seed enough you
will have as many stalks as ought to
stand, though your harrow should bury
some of them up.—Mass. Ploughman.

Fruit and Fruit Trees.—The same
kind of infatuation which seizes the trad-
ing community attends our common far-
mers respecting the cultivation of fruit
trees and perennial fruit—immediate
profit. They can hoard up riches, the
benefit of which is to be reaped only by
an after generation. They will take a
mortgage, redeemable in six, eight or
ten years; but the farm must yield its
increase each and every year, if for no
other reason but to show that the tenant
chooses to get his living by the sweat of
his face; for by raising fruit he can reap
a fourfold profit, with no other labor than
the mere plucking of his fruit, which can
hardly be called labor. Every farmer has
his corn field, his potato field, his grain
field; yet the labor necessary to bring his
crops to maturity and make them avail-
able, costs, if he hire it done, more than
they amount to. He gets nothing for
the rent or use of his farm. How is it
with him who raises fruit? He reaps a
greater profit from one acre, rightly
managed, than his neighbor does from
his whole farm. He is also carried back,
as it were, to the Eden state of primitive
innocence and happiness. He enjoys the
greatest luxuries which earth can afford.
If he does not eat of "the tree of life,
which shall bear twelve kinds of fruit,
and yield her fruit every month," he is
reminded of that blessed state, by eating
of as many kinds of fruit, at as many dif-
ferent times; and all the objection the
farmer can offer for neglecting to avail
himself of these luxuries, is, that it may
be some three years before he can reap
the fruit, and realize the enjoyments of
this terrestrial paradise.—Post.

NEW

FRENCH & AMERICAN
Paper Hangings,
Borders, Curtains, Chim-
ney-Board Papers, &c.

THOSE in want of the above arti-
cles, are respectfully invited to call
and examine a New and Beautiful As-
sortment, just received at

No. 22 Broad Street,
which surpasses in variety and low prices
any before offered for sale by
M. FREEBORN.

April 6, 1844.

CLERK'S OFFICE.

Court of Probate, Newport, May 9th, 1844
Moses Norman, Guardian of the person and
estate of PELEG WEEDEN, of New-
port, and also Executor of the last will and
testament of SARAH BABCOCK, late of
Newport, dec. presents his guardianship ac-
count on the estate of said Peleg Weedon, and
his Executors account on the estate of said
Sarah Babcock, for allowance, the same are
received, and referred for consideration to a
Court of Probate, to be holden at the Town
Hall in Newport, the 1st Monday in June
next, at 9 o'clock a. m. and previous notice
thereof ordered to be given 3 several times in
the Newport Mercury, for all persons inter-
ested in said estates to appear at said time and
place and be heard. By Order of the Presi-
dent.

B. B. HOWLAND, Probate Clerk

BIRDS, BIRDS, BIRDS.

JUST received and for sale, Bird
Cages of various patterns and prices;
bird seed of every kind and of the best
quality; bird glasses and bird books for
the management and treatment of birds—
all of which will be sold cheap at the
variety store of.

May 18. T. STACY, Jr.

Executor's Notice.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice
that he has been appointed Execu-
tor of the last will and testament of
GEORGE BROWN,

late of Little Compton, dec., and has ac-
cepted of said trust and qualified himself
according to law. He therefore requests
all the debtors and creditors of said es-
tate to make settlement with him without
delay.

HUMPHREY BROWN, Executor.
Little Compton, March 11.

Great Saving to Gentlemen.

THOMAS KEESING,
Tailor, Scourer & Renovator,

(FROM LONDON.)

No. 143 Thames st., Newport.

Would respectfully invite the attention of
the gentlemen of Newport to his very su-
perior method of cleansing, renovating and
repairing garments of every description;
from his long practice in Europe he is en-
abled to work on a plan different from any
ever yet tried, those who encourage him
will meet with the utmost satisfaction.—
Garments that are tattered, when done will
entirely baffle observation. T. K. guaran-
tees perfect extraction of Paint, Tar, Ink
and Stains of every description from dark
or light clothing as well as to restore a
fresh appearance to such parts where the
nap has been worn off, in fact to render
gentlemen's Clothing apparently worthless.
The public from his peculiar style of workman-
ship the most fastidious in dress will find
respectability of appearance, it being at all
times difficult to distinguish his renovated
garments from new.

Merinoes, Curtains, Table and Chair cov-
ers cleaned, one trial will prove the fact.—
The utmost value given for gentlemen's
off clothing.

March 9,—ly.

SODA, SODA, SODA.

IF you want as Good an Article as can be
found in the Great City, and the best in
this Good City, just call at STACY'S Con-
fectionary, and you can be supplied with it in
bottles, with or without syrup, by the dozen
or single, or drawn from the fountain with
a great variety of syrups that cannot be sur-
passed in quality in this or any other city.
May 18.

NEWPORT

DYE-HOUSE.

John H. Clegg

SILK, COTTON, and WOOLLEN DYER.

WOULD respectfully inform his
friends and the public, that he
has taken the Dye House, formerly oc-
cupied by J. Viner, situated in Tanner
street, where he is prepared to dye and
finish at 10 days notice in the best man-
ner, the following articles, viz:

Broadcloths, Silks,
Cassimeres, Crapes,
Merinos, Satins,
Circassians, Pongees,
Bombazines, Hosiery
Gloves, &c. &c.

Also, permanent colors on carpet yarns
merino, circassian, bombazine, and crape
dresses; gentlemen's woolen garments,
such as dresses, frock and great coats, sur-
touts, vests, and pantaloons—died and pressed
without ripping.

He will also clean gentlemen's woolen
garments of every description, in a neat
style—merino and Cashmere shawls clean-
ed and whitened without injury to the bor-
der—carpets and woolen table cloths clean-
ed also.

All articles left at the Dye House in
Tanner Street, or the following Agents will
receive prompt attention.—Mrs. Ann
M. Eddy, next north of the Perry
Factory. A. M. Thomas, Wickford, John
Hedley, Portsmouth.

February 19, 1842.

Perfumery & Cosmetics.

Fancy Soap, &c. &c., in great variety,
just received and for sale at the Confec-
tionary and variety store of

T. STACY, Jr.

May 18.

Carpetings.

50 pieces superfine and common Ingrain
Carpeting:

40 pieces straw Matting, 50 do hearth Rugs;
Painted Floor Cloths;
Cotton and List Carpetings,

Received by
E. W. LAWTON & SON.

April 13, 1844.



SPRING FASHIONS.

JOSEPH M. HAMMETT,
TAILOR & DRAPER,

No. 133 1-2

THAMES STREET,

WOULD respectfully inform his
friends and the Clothes wearing
community in general, that he has opened
the Spring campaign, with a full and fash-
ionable assortment of goods, consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Stocks, Gloves,
Suspenders,

and almost every article for Gentlemen's
wear.

He is now prepared to manufacture on the
most reasonable terms, every description of

Fashionable Clothing,

at short notice.—If you want good bargains
try J. M. Hammett, No. 133 1-2 Thames st.,
(directly under the Mercury Office) and you
will never regret it, but it will induce you to
call again.

CUTTING particularly attended to.

STRANGERS visiting the town who
are in want of Clothing, will find it to their
advantage to call as above.

Newport, April 6.

Marine and Fire Insurance

THE AMERICAN INSURANCE COM-
PANY, Providence, R. I. continue to
insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, on
Cotton, Woolen, and other Manufactories,
Building and Merchandise, and also against
MARINE RISKS, on favorable terms.—
The capital stock is

\$150,000.

All paid in and well invested.—Directors
elected June 5th, 1842:—

William Rhodes, Solomon Townsend,
Wilbur Kelly, Tully D. Bowen,
Robert R. Stafford, Nathaniel Bishop,
Amos D. Smith, George S. Rathbun,
Resolved Waterman, Caleb Harris and
Shubael Hutchings, Jabez Bullock,
Ebenezer Kelley.

Persons wishing for Insurance are requested
to direct their applications (which should be
accompanied with a particular description of
the property) per mail, to the resident and
Secretary of the Company, and the same will
meet with prompt attention.

Applications for Insurance may be made
in Newport to GEORGE BOWEN, Agent.

ALEXO. PICK, Sec'y.
American Insurance Co's
Office July 14, 1842.

REGULAR MAIL LINE.

FOR NEW YORK.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

Via Stonington Railroad

Daily Sundays Excepted.

CABIN, \$3.75—DECK, \$2.50.



The daily line commenced on Mon-
day, April 22d.

The RHODE ISLAND, Capt. Thayer,
will leave Stonington Monday, Wednes-
day and Friday. The MASSACHU-
SETTS, Capt. Comstock, Tuesday,
Thursday & Saturday, on the arrival of
the mail train from Boston.

Freight 6 cts. per cubic foot.

WM. COMSTOCK, General Agent.

April 27.

HATS & CAPS,



CHEAPER than can be bought at

any Grocery or Cheap Store in
town; among which are Beaver, Nutria
and Mole Skin Hats. Glazed Caps 33
cents. Boys Velvet Caps 42 cents; other
articles in proportion, at the Cheap Hat
and Cap Store, next door north of Messrs
W. B. & E. J. Swan's, and nearly op-
posite the Post Office.

April 13—5w.

THE subscriber hereby gives notice that
he has been appointed by the Court of
Probate of the town of Jamestown, admini-
strator with the will annexed, on the estate
of

NATHANIEL HAMMOND,

late of said Jamestown dec., and has given
bonds according to law. All persons hav-
ing demands against the estate, are request-
ed to present them, and all persons in-
debted to make immediate payment to

WALTER WATSON, Jr.

Administrator with the Will annexed.
Jamestown, February 29, 1844.

Administrators' Notice.

THE undersigned having been ap-
pointed by the Court of Probate
of the Town of Newport, administrators
on the estate of their father, Audley Clarke
late of Newport, dec., hereby request all
persons indebted to said estate to make
immediate payment to either of them,
and those having demands to present
them for settlement.

PELEG CLARKE, } Adm'rs.
WM. A. CLARKE, }
EDWARD CLARKE, }

Newport, April 4th, 1844.

Fancy Goods, Toys, &c. &c.

Great variety, at Wholesale and Retail,
at the Confectionary and Variety Store of
T. STACY, Jr.

Corner of Frank & Stacy's street,
Newport, May 18, 1844.

Congress Water.

JUST received and for sale fresh from the
Spring, at STACY'S Confectionary.
May 18.

Court of Probate Newport, May 6th 1844.

THE administrator on the estate of
WILLIAM B. TOWNSEND,
late of Newport, dec., presents his account on
said estate for allowance and for an order of
distribution of the balance to and among the
heirs at law, according to law.

The same is received and the consideration
thereof referred to a Court of Probate to be
holden at the Town Hall in Newport on the
1st Monday in June next, at 9 o'clock A.
M., and notice is ordered to be given there-
of by an advertisement 3 times in the New-
port Mercury, for all persons interested to ap-
pear at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy—witness
B. B. HOWLAND Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, May 13th.

AT this Court application was made for
the appointment of an Administrator
with the Will annexed on the estate of

HANNAH HEAD,

late of Little Compton deceased.

It is ORDERED, that the same be received
and the appointment of an Administrator as
aforesaid, be referred to a Court of Probate
to be holden at the Town Hall, in said Little
Compton on the second Monday in June
next, at one o'clock p. m., and that previous
notice be given by publishing a copy of this
order three successive weeks in the Newport
Mercury, for all persons interested to appear
at said time and place and be heard.

A true copy, witness
OTIS WILBOR, Probate Clerk.

Court of Probate, Little Compton, May 13.

AT this Court an instrument of writing
purporting to be the last will and testa-
ment of

PHILIP CHASE,

late of Little Compton, deceased, was presen